REGULAR REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS. ANOTHER DEBATE IN THE SENATE ON THE CURRENCY EQUALIZATION BILL-THE CONGRESSIONAL CEN-TENNIAL MATTER CONSIDERED IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Anthony (Rep., R. I.) presented a memorial, signed by efficers of National banks in Massachusotts and Bhode Island, protesting against the passage of the bill for the withdrawal of currency from New-

England. Laid on the table,
Mr. KELLY (Dem., Oregon) presented a petition of citizens of that State in regard to charges against his colleague, Mr. Mitchell, and asking that the same be in equainted with Mr. Mitchell for twelve years and knew othing derogatory to his character. In presenting these charges he desired it to be distinctly understood that he said nothing in favor of or against them—that matter should be left with the Committee. He moved that the subject be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Factions. It was so ordered.

Mr. JOHNSTON (Denn., Va.) presented the credentials of the Hob. R. E. Withers, elected United States Senator from Virginia to succeed Mr. Lewis. Read and haid on the table.

FRELINGHUYSEN (Rep., N. J.) presented a me-Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN (Rep., N. J.) presented a me-mortal of colored citizens, stating that a number of them had applied to the American Colomization Society for teamspartation to Liberia, but the Society was unable to send them, and asking that the Government detail a vessel to corry them to Liberia, and bring back produce. Also, asking the aid of the Government for the con-struction of a railroad into the interior of Liberia. Re-ferent to the Committee.

Mr. WRIGHT (Rep., Iowa) presented a petition of eltizens of that State for the restoration of the duty on tea
and coffee, and an increase of the duty on manufactured
cotton goods. Referred to the Committee on Finance,
Also, a joint resolution of the Iowa Legislature recommending the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States providing that any increase in
the compensation of members of Congress shalf apply to
future Congresses, and not to the one making the
Referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.
The Senate thon proceeded to the consideration of the
bills on the calendar.

Mr. CAMERON (Rep., Penn.) gave notice that on Mr. CAMERON (Rep., Penn.) gave notice that on Wednessays he would ask the Senate to take up the House bill is relation to the Centennial Exhibition.

Mr. SHERMAN (Rep., Ohlo) said he would object to anything being considered until after the present bill to

The morning hour having expired, the Senate resumed

the consideration of the bill to equalize the distribution

after the enacting clause of the bill and insert as a substitute a provision that part of the National Currency act of June 3. 1854, and parts of several acts amendatory thereof, and any other acts which limit or restrict the amount of notes for circulation, be repealed; and that all associations organized for banking shall be free to establish National banks with a circulation subject to the limitations now provided by law, except the limitation as to circulation, which is hereby repealed. Mr. Cameron, in advocating the adoption of his substitute, said the country was deficient in the banking facilities so necessary to transact the business of an energetic, industrious people. Being a practical man, he looked at those things from a practical point of view. He had not heard a single business man say that we had enough currency. The National banking system had done much good, and should be extended. His substitute was designed to satisfy the demand for more money, without canning any shock to capital already invested in good faith. The law now grave a fixed amount of currency, allowing no greater abundance of money at one time than another; yet it was a well-known fact that at some seasons of the year we want more money than at others. This fixed amount of currency was a terror to honest men and a jubilee to speculators.

Mr. PRATT (Rep., Ind.) said that thousands of men were out of employment now on account of the scarcity of money. An attempt to return to specie payments now would be disastrous to the whole country, and he would oppose every scheme looking to specie payments now would be disastrous to the whole country, and he payment of our notes at this time. They well understand that they must pay them by the burdens of taxation, and they would lose more than they would chore the payment of our notes at this time. They well understand that they must pay them by the burdens of taxation, and they would lose more than they sould sub synthing, and the people of the country knew it was good. The National bank no after the enacting clause of the bill and insert as a sub-state a provision that part of the National Currency

Mr. PRELINGHUYSEN (Rep., N. J.) said the adoption of such a measure as that proposed by the gentleman from Pennsylvania would be trampling under foot the promises made to redeem our notes in coin, and if adopted the wildest speculation would follow. Its adoption would be of greater injury to the financial and business interests of the country than the Rebelliou was. He thought there was ample provision for banking already, with good, wholesome restrictions. He favored, in the first place, making the expenditures of the Government as small as was consistent with the dignity and weifare of the nation, for we are not paupers or banking the such as the first place, which we have a supply to the forestment as small as was consistent with the dignity and weifare of the nation, for we are not paupers or bankings as the second thing we ought to do is to impose more faxes. The people of this country understand that this is their Government, and their own prosperity is inseparably united with its prosperity. Whenever there is a necessity for it they desire to be taxed in accordance with their wealth. He believed the tax on whisky should be increased to \$1 per gallon; that would yield a revenue of \$12,00,000. The tax on tobacc should be increased from 20 to 32 cents per pound, which would yield a revenue of \$12,00,000. Congress had taken the tax off tea and coffee, though that act had not decreased the price of those articles. He was not disposed to make the people of work provinced in the tax of the price of those articles. He was not disposed to make the people of work provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the tax of the price of those provinced in the provinced in

and coffee, though that act had not decreased the price of those articles. He was not disposed to make the people pay more by reinstating that tax, but if it should be restored a revenue of \$18,000,000 per aumm would be the result; hence, he favored, Brist, reasonable retrenchment; second, necessary taxation; and third, redeem the pledge made to pay the Treasury notes to coin.

Mr. FLANAGAN (Rep., Tex.) said he was opposed to inflation and would support the bill as it came from the Committee. They do not want more unoney in Bevan to the gained by inflation. They wanted money in Bevan to the gained by inflation. They wanted money for the country would give their cattle they have a soon as possible. The expected by the support is a soon as possible. The sentent from lowa (Mr. Wright) had a few days ago referred to our financial deraugement as a sick patient. He approved of the idea that the patient was sick, and there were plenty of physicians here. They inquired daily as to the symptoms, and discussed learnedty, but did nothing, and the patient gets botter, and grows no worse, he may recover. If Laughter. At first this patient and a puise of 106 and 208; now it has gone up to 112 and 113, and if we are golink to street 400 or 50 piles in will be off very easy flow any definite and the site. The property of the contract of the days and they required. If the patient gets botter, and grows no worse, he may recover. If Laughter. At first this patient and a puise of 106 and 208; now it has gone up to 112 and 113, and if we are golink to street 400 or 50 piles in will give of very association in good fatili. Let the Treasury of the United States, properly organized, advertise that the Finance Comment will buy every bale of cotton raised in the South during the next twelve mouths, and pay for it in greenbacks, say is cents for ordinary, is cents for good, is cents per pound, and would build up that distressed portion of the country.

Mr. BUCKINGHAM (Rep., Conn.) said the Finance Commentee, by the bill reported, seemed

for action.

Mr. STOCKTON (Dem., N. J.) asked to be excused from service on the Committee on Manufactures. No objection being made he was excused, and Mr. Hager (Dom., Cal.) was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Mr. BOREMAN (kep., W. Va.) moved to adjourn, and he motion was adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. McJUNKIN (Rep., Penn.)-Granting pensions to the soldiors of 1812, who served so days. f appraiser of imported merchandise, appointed under he not of July 14, 1810.

By Mr. TOWNSEND (Rep., Penn.)—To provide for an octour of National bank notes and the withdrawal and

of appraiser of imported merchandise, appointed under the not of July 14, 1810. By Mr. TOWNSEND (Rep., Penn.)-To provide for an

cancellation of an equal amount of United States legal

cancellation of an equal annual vision protein.

By Mr. WOODWORTH (Rep., Ohio)—Imposing a duty of % a ton on jute and unte rules imported.

By Mr. WHITTHORNE (Dem., Tenn.)—To nbolish the Navy-Yards at Kittery, Me.; Charlestown, Mass.; New-Lendon, Coun., and Washington, D. C.

By Mr. LAWRENCE (Rep., Ohio)—To abolish pension agents, and provide for paying pensions by postmasters and collectors of internal revenue, thus effecting an annual saving of \$300,000.

By Mr. LAWKENCE (Rep., Obio)—To abouse pensors and collectors of internal revenue, thus effecting an annual saving of \$200,000.

By Mr. CANNON (Rep., Utah)—A memorial of the Utah Legislature asking Congress to appoint a commission of investigation to be sent to Utah to inquire into all the alleged abuses in Territorial affairs there, and in the mean time to suspend all action for special legislation in regard to Utah.

By Mr. WOODPORD (Rep., N. Y.)—To regulate postage on letters between contiguous cities. Also, to provide for a commission for the reorganization of the customs revenue service.

By Mr. PACKER (Rep., Penn.)—To facilitate ingress and egross between New York and Brooklyn.

By Mr. HUNTER (Rep., Ind.)—To limit and regulate the clerical force of the War Department.

By Mr. PHILLIPS (Rep., Kan.)—By request, to enable the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad to submit its claires against the United States, under the existing laws, to the decision of the Supreme Court.

Mr. HYNES (Rep., Ark.) offered a resolution instructing the Committee on the Contingent Expenses in the Department of Justice to inquire into the judicial expenditure in the Western District of Arkansas since 1871. He stated that charges had frequently appeared in the metropolitan papers in regard to that district, and he deemed it his duty to offer the resolution, which also received the concurrence of the Autorney-General. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. MAYNARD (Rep., Tenn.) moved to suspend the rules, and make the bill reported from the Banking Committee in relation to the currency a special order for Thursday next, and until disposed of.

The motion to suspend the rules was defeated—Yeas, 143; Naya, 90—less than two-thirds in the affirmative.

Mr. MAYNARD then gave notice that if the House went into Committee of the Whole on Thursday, he would nove to set aside the other bills on the calendar that precede the Currency bill.

Mr. KELLEY (Rep., Penn.) offered a resolution that

THE CONGRESSIONAL CENTENNIAL

Mr. KELLEY (Rep., Penn.) offered a resolution that the members of the House and Scuate reassemble in Carpenters' Hull, Philadelphia, in informal joint session, on Monday, Sept. 6, 1874, in centennial commemoration colonies and provinces of North America on Monday, Sept. 5, 1774, and that the Speaker of the House be In-vited to preside over the meeting, and that Vice-Presi-dent Wilson be requested to deliver an address appropri-

KELLEY and Mr. WADDELL (Dem., N. C.), Mr. HALE (Rep., Mc.) opposed the resolution as an unprecedented thing. The fundamental objection which he had to it was that this was but one of many measures preparatory to having Congress appropriate money to pay the expenses of the great Centennial Exhibition of 1876, to the amount of from \$6,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

Mr. KELLEY admitted that the thing was unprecedented, but that was because this was the first centennial anniversary of the event. He believed that with every recurring centennial the precedent now to be established would be followed.

Mr. G. F. HOAR (Rep., Mass.) suggested its reference to the Committee on the Centennial Exposition. He thought it something disrespectful to the Senate to propose that its presiding officer should deliver the address, and that the Speaker of the House should preside over the Joint Convention.

Mr. KELLEY said he had consulted some of the best parliamentarians in the House, and their opinion was

pariamentarians in the House, and their opinion was that the arrangement proposed was the proper one.

Mr. HOAR asked Mr. Kelley to name any skillful parliamentarian who would say that such a proposition was respectful to the Senate.

Mr. KELLEY decimed to do so, but moved to suspend the rules, and adopt the resolution.

The motion to suspend was seconded—95 to 56.

The House refused to suspend the rules by 125 Yeas to 25 Nays, not two-thirds in the affirmative, so the resolution was related.

Mr. KASSON (Rep., Iowa), from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill providing that moneys paid into the hands of any Collector or into the Treasury for customs duties, in accordance with any decision or ruling previously made by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not be refunded or repaid except in pursuance of special appropriations made therefor, or in accordance with the judgment of a United States Court giving construction to the law, and from which the Attorney-General shall certify that no appeal or writ of error will be taken by the United States; also, providing that no raling or decision once made by the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to customs duties shall be changed by the same or succeeding Secretary, except it be in concurrence with an opinion in favor of such changed given by the Attorney-General, or by reason of a judicial decision of a United States Court affecting the same, from which the Attorney-General shall certify that no appeal or writ of error will be taken by the United States.

The discussion of the subject was participated in by Messrs. BUTLER (Rep., Mass.), DAWES (Rep., Mass.), WOOD (Dem., N. Y.), BECK (Dem., Ky.), BURCHARD (Rep., II.), KASSON (Rep., Ia.), and KELLEY (Rep., Penn.), the latter stating that a conspiracy of New-York lawyers had been formed to procure a refunding of duties, they to have one-half of all the sums recovered, and that an enrolled bill in the State Department had been fampered with by the change of a comma in order to enable that conspiracy of inwyers to secure a reversal of the decision, and this had cost the Government \$2,000,000.

Mr. BURCHARD explained bow the error occurred.

Mr. KELLEY disclaimed the idea of holding that department responsible.

Mr. DAWES went into a further explanation of the matter, and argued that the Secretary of the Treasury was right in his decision. What he (Mr. Dawes) objected to was, that any Secretary of the Treasury should have power to make his own construction of the law, and then draw his warrant on the Treasury for the amount which he decides should be refunded. That should require the action of Congress.

Mr. KASSON moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill. Agreed to, and the bill was passed.

Mr. KELLEY (Rep., Penn.) then offered his resolution for the celebration of Sept. 5, 1874, which was referred. Mr. GARFIELD (Rep., Ohio), from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the regular Legislative, Exceptive, and Judicial Appropriation bill, and moved that it be made the special order for Wednesday next.

Mr. WOODFORD (Rep., N. Y.) argued that the first great question which called for a decision by the House was the status of the \$44,000,000 reserve.

great question which called for a decision by the House was the status of the \$44,000,000 reserve.

The Honse refused to make this bill the special order for Wednesday, and then it was referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

The House then, at \$40 p. m., adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.-The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Commodere Pablus Stanier, to be Rear Admiral in the Navy; William A. Simmons, to be Collector of Customs for the Districts of Boston and Charlestown, Mass; Joseph H. Masley, to be a Supervisor of Internal Revenue; Nathaniel Lyons, to be Consul at Sierra Leone; James M. True of Illinois, to be Consul at Kingston, Canada; Philip Clayton of Georgia, to be Consul at Valparatio.

WINTER ON THE SEA.

THE WRECK OF THE SCHOONER EXPERIMENT. The schooner Experiment, ashore half mile west of Pond Quogue Light, Long Island, will soon go to pieces. The crew were engaged yesterday in saving the sails, rigging, anchors, chains, and all else which could be recovered from the schooner. Her deckload of mahogany has been washed overboard and lies scattered along the beach. The lower deck cargo will probably be saved. The circumstances of the disaster and the narrow escape from death of the captain's wife and son have not as yet been told. It was during the storm of Saturday morning that the Experiment became unmanageable when only a short distance from the Pond Quogue Light. It soon became evident to officers and crew that the vessel would be dashed upon the beach with great force, but little personal danger was anticipated. The moment came at last, and the Experiment was hurled upon the shore. At the same instant a tremendous sea broke over her, washing everything movable from the deck and flooding the cabin with water. The captain, whose wife and child, a boy of 7 years of age, were sleeping below, rushed down the companion-way to warn them of danger. Everything below was in terrible confusion, and the cabin was half full of water. Hastening to the Everything below was in terrible confusion, and the cabin was half full of water. Hastening to the terrified woman, he seized her by the hand, and with the child they hurried on deck. The sea was still breaking over the vessel and the bulwarks had been swept away. There was no place of safety on deck. Their only possible way of escaping from death was in clinging to the rigging until assistance might arrive from the shore. Seizing his wife, the captain was in the rigging in an instant, while the first officer held the little boy and carried him aloft. Neither woman nor child had had time to dress, and in their night-clothing they were exposed to the severity of the storm. The wintry air soon stiffened their limbs. The sea was running high, and ever and anon its chilling spray was dashed upon the sufferers, whose hope of rescue was slowly departing. But fortunately the vessel's misortune had been on shore. A patrolman from Life-saving Station No. 12 saw the vessel dashed upon the beach, and running two miles to the station, notified his companions of the dauger threatening the vessel's crew. They hastened to the scene of the wreck, and all on board were saved. The woman and child were nearly dead with cold, exposure, and fear, and all the crew were becoming exhausted. In the launching of the life-boat one of the men, named Wm. Culver, was struck by a rope and thrown overboard. He hearly lost his life in the surf, but was at last rescued by his companions.

thrown overboard. He nearly lost his life in the surf, but was at last rescued by his companious.

A portion of the stern of the French steamer Alexandre Levalley, ashore off Southampton, Long Island, was carried away by the waves on Sunday night. The position of the wreck was somewhat altered, and it is now thought she can be floated more easily than before to the vessel. The cargo has nearly all been saved. The ship Eliza Hamilton on her voyage to this port was run into at St. George's, Bermuda, on Jan. 31, and received considerable damage to her stern.

An American brig showing the letters S. T. M. went ashore is fuller south of Fenwick Island on Sunday night. The wrecking steamer Cyclops was being prepared yesterday to go to the assistance of the crew as soon as the weather will persoit. When the news was sent the sea was washing over the decks of the brig and the crew were clinging to the rigging.

In the Supreme Court, General Term, yes-

THE COURTS.

DEFENSE OF SIMMONS. THE PRISONER DECLARED TO BE AS PEACEABLE AS HIS VICTIM WAS DANGEROUS.

Spectators in the Court of Oyer and Terminer vesterday who watched through the day the evidence produced by the defense in the case of John E. Simmons, on trial for fatally stabbing Nicholas W. Duryes, his former partner, were surprised at the excellent record of Simmons's previous life, which has been hitherto withheld from the public.

The first witness called was Mr. Fowler, who saw

Duryes on the day of his death in his billiard-saloon in Brooklyn. They drauk two or three glasses of sherry, day of his death, about half-past 6, in South-st., near Fulton, Duryea said to him: "You're the man I wan't to see; I understand you are connected with The Brook the paper had done him great injury, and as the witness had been connected with it he could find out where thos the ins igators were, and he was bound to "lay then out." He asked the witness, " Do you know John Sim mons. I have an idea he is at the bottom of it."

said he had known the prisoner 12 or 13 years, stated that about the middle of October Duryea told him, on the ferry-boat, about his quarrel with Simmons, and said: "I intend to cut his comb, and I am the man to do it; you can tell the -- I intend to cut his throat." I told this to Simmons, at the Sinciair House, in December; he said he had heard several such threats, and did n't propose to be caught in a trap.

William T. Ashman, formerly carrying on business Fulton Market, testified in regard to threats made by

William T. Ashman. formerly carrying on business in Fulton Market, testified in regard to threats made by Darysas. Ira Couth, formerly sailing master of Durysas, yacht, testified in regard to his violences, his liabit of carrying weapons, and his drunkonness. George Costigan, Philetus Hover, and Patrick McGrihan, made similar statements. Hiram Van Buskirk, George E. Penn, and Peter W. Ostrander spoke of Durysa's violent, quarreisome, and generally desperate character.

Drs. Amabite and James R. Wood testified in regard to the severe nature of Simmons's injury. Police Captain Speight testified in regard to the quarreisome character of Durysa, and stated that Simmons was considered among his friends to be an extraordinarily peaceable man; the witness, who was formerly a member of the harbor police, was present at the Bayonne regatta in 1872, and was asked whether, on that occasion, Durysa attempted with a propeller to run down a yacht of his opponent, whereupon the witness, who was then in charge of the police looat Sensea, prevented him I This was objected to, and, indeed, it was only after a severe contest with Mr. Phelps that the question was allowed to be asked just for the sake of the offer. At last Mr. Phelps withdrew his objection to the question, but assom as it had been asked put in his objection as well as some undertone comments in regard to Mr. Graham's mutterings about Duryea's violence and bad character which were just loud enough for the jury to hear.

Beniamin Wood, Dr. Henry F. Quarkenbush, long acquainted with the prisoner, Daniel L. Petit, a merchant, who had known Simmons for 15 years, were called rapidly, and gave each an excellent character to the accused man, but knew nothing about the deceased Joseph Elimott, a printer, gave the character of Simmons to be that of a peaceable, quiet man, and that of his victim as not good among genitlemen.

The names of Alderman Monheimer and Robert Bonner and Justice Bixby were now called in a loud tone of voice by Col. Fellows, but they were not forthcomi

in favor of Simbons.

The testimony of J. W. Beil, the tailor who made clothes for Duryea, developed a new question in the case, the same brought up on the Stokes trial by the same witness, in regard to the pistol-pocket. Judge Brady allowed the witness, after considerable discussion between Col. Fellows and the District-Attorney, to state that his outter was ordered by Duryea to put a pistol-pocket in his pantaloons, but as he himself knew nothing about it personally, his testimony went no further. Justice Butter H. Bixby then spoke of Simmons's general amiability. The first question provoked a little humor again. Col. Fellows asked if he were Police Justice. Mr. Phelps looked up from his writing and non-chalantly remarked that the prosecution would fadmit that. Col. Fellows reforted quito as composedly that it was the only thing he had admitted since the case began. Wm. H. Gray, Morris Cohn, Wm. H. Radford, Julius Hilburn, and Gershon H. Cohen stated what they knew about Simmons's good character for general peaceableness and inoffensiveness. This closed the case for the defense, and the District-Attorney called two of three witnesses for rebuttal.

The case was then adjourned until to-day, when the prosecution will add more evidence, and the case will perhaps go to the jury to-day. case, the same brought up on the Stokes trial by the same witness, in regard to the pistol-pocket. Under the pistol-pocket is the pistol-pocket opticate that his cutter was ordered by Duryea to put a pistol-pocket in his pantaloons, but as he himself knew nothing about it personally, his testimony went no further. Justice Butter H. Bixby then spoke of Simmons's general amiability. The first question provoked a little humor again. Col. Fellows asked if he were Police Justice. Mr. Phelps looked up from his writing and non-chainantly remarked that the prosecution would fadmit that. Col. Fellows retorted quite as composedly that it was the only thing he had admitted since the case began. Who. H. Gray, Morris Cohn, Wm. H. Radford, Julius Hibutra, and Gerstion H. Cohen stated what they knew about Summons's good character for general peaceableness and inoffensiveness. This closed the case for the defense, and the District-Attorney called two or three witnesses for rebuttal.

BROOKLYN TREASURY DEFAULTS,

EX-TREASURER SPERGUE'S SUIT AGAINST THE CITY, When it had been established that money but been stolen from the Brooklyn City Trensury, and that it had been taken under the eye of Mr. Sprague, the same strategy and that the best roughly for the defense, and the case was then adjourned until to-day, when the prosecution will add more evidence, and the case will be the proposed that the proposed the case for rebuttal.

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when it find been established that industry, and that it had been taken under the eye of Mr. Sprague, and when the community were urgent in demanding that the culprit should make reparation for the loss, the late City Treasurer immediately made haste to make the defaleation good by turning over all his property, real and personal, to the city authorities and to his bondsmen, to reimburse them. At that time Mr. Rodman alone had been suspected or arrested, but subset man alone had been suspected or arrested, but subse quently Mr. Sprague himself was indicted for malfease in office, and neld to ball. Thereupon his counsel D. P. Barnard and ex-Judge Edwin Moore, claimed that their client was not responsible for the thefts which were committed by Rodman, and that Sprague had paid the money to the authorities under a misapprehension, They forthwith brought a suit for Cortlandt B. Sprague against M. T. Rodman, the City of Brooklyn, and others to set aside the assignment of his property to cover alleged defalcations in the City Treasury. This was

called yesterday in the Supreme Court, Special Term, by Justice Tappen. Corporation Counsel DeWitt, who appeared for the city, urged that the trial should take place at once. Ex-Judge Moore said that he appeared for Sprague, who was so ill as to preclude his being present for trial or rendering necessary assistance in the case. Mr. DeWitt thought the matter should not be delayed. He was willing to have a Commissioner appointed to take Sprague's testimony as fully as might be desired. He said that there existed an urgent necessity for the trial of the case, and added: "At the time of the discovery of

of the case, and added: "At the time of the discovery of the defalcation, Mr. Sprague was City Treasurer, and he made an assignment to the city of stocks and notes, and put a mortgage on his real estate to secure the city from loss. On this the bondsmen gave a note for the full amount of his supposed defalcation. The city was to realize on the securities, and deducting the amount thus realized from the face of the note given by the bondsmen, the latter were to pay the balance. Sprague handed over his stocks, &c., to the Controller. Afterward, on Mr. Sprague's being Indicted, he seems to have altered his mind, and this action was brought to set aside the assignment, and an injunction was secured enjoining the city and his bondsmen from negotiating the securities and realizing on the other property. The note of the bondsmen is due, and the city is in process of bringing suit. It is of the highest importance to justice, to the city, and to Mr. Sprague, that this case should be brought to trial."

to trial."
Mr. Moore said that the assignment of property was Mr. Moore said that the assignment of property was made to cover the defalcation of Rodman, and Mr. Sprague's counsel would be prepared to show on the trial of their client that the Treasurer was not a defaulter to the city of Brooklyn through Rodman's acts, but that it was all the result of an effort made by the Brooklyn Trust Company to throw back the money upon the Treasury, so as to make it appear that Sprague was a defaulter. Between \$200,000 and \$300,000 are involved, rendering necessary the active efforts of upon the Treasury, so as to make it appear that Sprague was a defaulter. Between \$200,000 and \$300,000 are involved, rendering necessary the active efforts of Sprague for a month to attend to the case.

Justice Tappan said that he thought the request of the Corporation Counsel was reasonable, and he suggested that an order should be made permitting the plaintiff to be examined at his residence, and that if it should then appear from a physician's certificate that his life would be endangered by such examination it might be postnessed.

be endangered by such examination it might be postpoued.

Sprague's counsel said he would not agree to any such
course of proceeding. Mr. De Witt said that if Sprague's
bondsmen could not realize on the security, they would
have to pay the full amount on the face of the notes.

Mr. Hedley, counsel for Mr. Mulford, one of Sprague's
bondsmen, said that this was the first intimation that
the case would be called. Judge Tappen directed that
either an order for a commission or one for the dismissal
of the case should be made.

The civil oult against the bondsmen of ex-Treasurer
Sprague will be called in the Circuit Court in March,
The amount for which they are held liable is \$18,500.

The principal bondsmen are Messrs. Kingsley, Mumford,
and Mr. Fitch, President of the New-York Marine Bank.

W. E. BRADLEY DISCHARGED.

Soon after proceedings were begun in the United States District Court to have the firm of E. Bradley & Co. adjudicated bankrupts, Hugo Hoffman and Thomas D. Adams had W. E. Bradley, a member of that firm, arrested on a charge of having concealed the property belonging to his estate for the purpose of preventing it from going into the hands of the assignee, and also of defrauding his creditors. Several long ex-aminations were had before Commissioner Betts, Assistant United States District-Attorney Purdy appearing for the Government, Col. Ethan Allen for Bradley, and Reed and Drake for various creditors. Hoffman, Bradley's brother-in-law, was the principal witness against him. This case, which was conducted with considerable animosity on all sides, was brought to a close, yesterday, by the Commissioner's decision discharging

Since says:
Since the criminal warrant was issued, and during the

ruptey against the secused have been discontinued, and they were discontinued before any adjudication was had as to the question of bankruptey. Bradley cannot, then, be adjudicated a bankrupt under those proceedings. I am satisfied, therefore, that under such circumstances the criminal prosecution against the accused cannot be maintained.

Hoffman, who, in default of \$10,000 bail, was com

oreme Court Circuit, yesterday, before Judge Lawrence, out was adjourned until the Court of Appeals decides on the appeal from the decision of the General Torm that here must be a trial by jury, according to the ruling of Judge Van Brunt. In the United States District Court yester-

The Brinkley divorce case was up in the Su-

day, by direction of Judge Blatchford, the jury found a verdict condemning one case, one box, and two cartoons of cotton embroidery, imported on the steamer Keenig Wilbelm, by Frederick Hocksmith. The goods were seized at the Custom-house on the ground that they were amoraled In the Brooklyn Branch of the Supreme

Court, Chambers, vesterday, before Judge Pratt, E. P. Wheeler appeared as counsel for Chas. Pratt and Caro-The will of the late Charles Astor Bristed,

the author, who died on Jan, 14, was admitted to probate yesterday in the Surrogate's Office by Surrogate Hutobings. The will leaves the furniture and ornaments in his house at Washington, the Stanton Mansion-to his son, John J. A. Bristed, now in Baden Baden, and provides that if that son should not recover from the illness from which he was seeking relief abroad, the property should go to the youngest son, yet a minor, Charles H. M. Bristed; white \$41,000 in trusts is left to his adopted daughter, Ceclic Bristed. The remaining property is left to his wife, Grace A. Bristed. The whole cetate was estimated to be worth about \$500,000.

At the Essox Market Polico Court, yesterdsy, John Bherhardt Godfrer Mitchell, and Maithew Duen were committed as default of \$1.500 cach, charged with having assaulted Robert Paul of No. 137 Union-st., Broaxiru, while he was on his way home from a ball. The complainant was bally injured.

Superior Court—Neoiai Tarm—By Judge Sedg-wick.—Clements agt Jones.—Order overruing denurer. Merkile agt. Green.—Order denving motion. Einett agt. Moore.—Order for laye to issue execution. Jutte agt. Hughes.—Order for Moorance. Or Notil agt. Murphr—Motion for reference granted. West agt. Platt.—Motion granted. Delamater agt. The American Journal Box Co. Same agt. Same.—Motion scaled. Melike agt. Glimote, Herdelsheimer agt. Plat-derman—References ordered. Lockie agt. Simon.—Order granted. Whittaker agt. Stebbins.—Order for judgment and accounting. Aying agt. Riley.—Melion denied without costs.

206. Gray agt. Green, mail: 357. Winthrop, &c., agt. Mo-303. Mair, exr., &c., agt. Mol. Kim. 357. Wintirop, &c., age as Since Sin 312. Penny agt. Smith. S25. Zuchwetzke agt. Decker-S25. Zachweitze ag: Decker et al. 326. Bache et al. agt. Purcell. 328. Sellguan agt. Purar. 329. O'Dounell agt. O'Dounell. 331. Robinson et al. agt. Norria 341. Peet agt. Rasits.

37 'ayanafora agi. Norma.
48. — agi.
53. Hasting, ree'r, &c., agi. Drur et al.
65. Crane agt. Ouderdonk et al.
43. Orr agt. Gilmore and ano.
56. Areber et al. agt. Schulls
67. Potter agt. Coulter.
rmss.—Fant I.—SPHIN. J.
589. Johnes agt. Ballow et al.
459. Knowlton et al. agi. N. Y.
and P. SS. Co.
445. Hawes et al. agi. Nolan et al.

653. Petrie agt Poilton. 637. Beveridge agt Day. 865. 421-st and Grand-st. Perry R. R. Co. agt. Gunter. 905. North Missouri Ins. Co. agt. Mangam et al.

331. Robinson et al. agt. Norria.
341. Peet agt. Restis.
341. Peet agt. Restis.
341. Codling agt. Brown.
351. Churchill et al., &c., agt.
Downs et al.
352. Same agt. Stone.
812. Same, sett, agt. Rock.
621. Same, rect. agt. Rock.
631. Stone agt. Weinecte.
743. Allen agt. Postman.
879. Mr. Warelouse Co.
237. Robinson agt. Weinecte.
879. New Warelouse Co.
237. Robinson agt. Past II.—1
889. Wattles agt. Hubbard.
897. Krebs agt. Murray.
290. O'Sollivan agt. Robert.
826. Batter et al. agt. Cobn.
664. Thacher et al. agt. Dimmic.
4 al.
754. Shook et al. agt. Dimmic.
838. Union Egg Carrier Co. agt.
1588. Bolton agt. Batter.
888. Forg agt. Anderson
216. McGor agt. O'Blen. Shiff.
Cosmoo Pinan—Third. Third.
348. Salilvan agt. Breunan.
348. Salilvan agt. Breunan.
348. Salilvan agt. Breunan.
348. Salilvan agt. Breunan.
348. Rallvan agt. Rober.
2281. Hasson agt. Wilson.
2265. Sewkirnben agt. Third-ave.
R R R.
2231. Hasson agt. Robe.

agt. Mangam et al.

CURITA J.

\$40. Homer et al. agt. Abora.

\$62. Shephard agt. Fredericks et al.

\$65. Phoneer L. Works agt. Reynolds.

706. Jibb agt. Gross.

\$48. Superior & Puget Sound Co.

agt. Stewart et al.

\$450 Lyffemberg agt. Humy.

\$60. People's Bank agt. Man
hattan Stove Co.

2973. Beach agt. Bloos.

65. McCauley agt. Gans.

2073. Heitler agt. Act.

2029. Schule set. Lodostrial Ex
hibition Co.

1004. O. Null agt. Mayor.

1369. Brook. acm't. etc. N. Y. &

P. Datv. J.

1792. Westler and ano. agt. North

German Llords.

9530. Thumbers act. Binamers. R R. 2231. Hassen agt Robe, 3234. Hassen agt Robe, 3234. Jones agt Kelly, 3888. Cutly agt Major, 1528. Cos agt. Casaldy.

PART H.-J.

2655 .. Nat. Park Bank agt-

1528. Coe agt. Casada.

2559. Nat. Park Bank agt. Broadwell.

2570. Moller agt. Tasks.

2571. Same agt. Same.

2598. Crarr agt. Breinnu.

2589. Talmsdre agt. Dinsance,

2685. Talmsdre agt. Dinsance,

2685. Talmsdre agt. Dinsance,

2685. Talmsdre agt. Dinsance,

2685. Leget and ano. agt. Mertin.

2685. Steleper agt. Leget.

2685. Steleper agt. Collin.

2686. Steleper agt. Collin.

2686. Steleper agt. Collin.

2687. Steleper agt. Collin.

2687. Steleper agt. Collin.

2688. Steleper agt. Collin.

2691. Steleper agt. Collin.

2695. Steleper agt. Collin.

2696. Steleper agt. Collin.

2697. Steleper agt. Collin.

2697. Steleper agt. Collin.

2698. Steleper agt. Collin.

2699. Steleper agt. Collin.

2699. Steleper agt. Collin.

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4170. Lowenbien agt Howe and 3844. Newburge agt Glover.
4202. Cocbrane agt. Moffatt and 4202. Cocbrane agt. Moffatt and 4202. Cocbrane agt. Moffatt and 4203. Newburge agt Glover.
4202. Cocbrane agt. Moffatt and 4203. Ripler agt. Moffatt and 4203. Ripler agt. Gilbert & ano. 4327. Ripler agt. Gilbert & ano. 4324. Angeli et al. agt. Dudley. 32034. Bogert agt. Carper et al. 4305. Harchild agt. Reeve et al. 4151. Metger agt. Rudosberger. 3938. Lewis agt. Low. — Holsein agt Trimble. 4371. Preston agt. Robinson. Grunnat. Smastows.—Hackett. Recorder.—Daniel Nulliums, robbert; James McDermott, felonious assault and batter; Hugh Fot, burglary; John C. Maher. Heart Dean. Jane Anastons, and Louis Williams, larcaper from the person. Jane Alaums, receiving stolen goods: Mary Ann Burke, disorderly house; Anna M. Harker, stempt to exict money.

Gount of Appeals Alauxy. Feb. 16.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Feb. 17: Nos. 63, 115, 119, 1204., 107, 68, 29, 57.

DEPARTURE OF FOREIGN MAILS.

TURSOAY, Prs. 17.

Mails for Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamship will see at 4 s. m. No Supplementary Mail. Steamship sails at 6:30 s. m., rown Pier No. 40 N. R.

Mails for Harans direct beats to Wilmington, close at 2 p. m. A steamship per see at 2 p. m. from Pier No. 13 N. R.

Mails for Kingston, davanilla and St. Marths, by the steamship Kina done at 9 s. m. Steamship sails at 10 s. m. from Pier No. 13 N. R.

Mails for Kingston, davanilla and St. Marths, by the steamship Kina done at 9 s. m. Steamship sails at 10 s. m. from Pier No. 12 N. R.

Mails for Hayu, etc., by the steamship Vinkburg, close at 10 a. m.

Mails for Hayu, etc., by the steamship Vinkburg, close at 10 a. m. In the course of his decision the Commis-

Algeria, close at 1 p. m. "A Supplementary Mail is closed at the Post Office at 2:15 p. m. Steamship saits at 3 p. m., from Cunard Doca Jorder City.

Algeria, close at 1p. m. A Supplementary Mail is common at the Pool-Office at 2.15 p. m. Becamain main at 3 p. m., from Curard Doce, Jordy City.

THURSDAY, Prs. 19.

Malls for Europe via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg, by steamahin Pommersals close at 1115 a.m. A Supplementary Mail is closed at the Post-Office at 1115 p. m. Steamahin saits at 2 n. m., from pure foot of Thirds. Hobsten.

Mails for Havans, direct, by the steamahin City of Sew-York, close at 2 p. m. A Supplementary Mail is closed at the Post-Office at 2 p. m. Steamahin saits at 3 p. m., from Pler So. 3 N. R.

Mails for Havit, Venezucia and Coracos, by the steamahin Corinth, close at 2 p. m. Steamahin saits at 3 p. m., from Pler No. 12 N. R.

Mails for Mewfoundhan close at the New-York Post-Office ever day at 6 p. m., via Hailfar.

A Mail for Initial N. S., is closed at the New-York Post-Office aver day at 6 p. m., and goes via Boston.

SATURDAY. Prs. 20.

Mails for Great British and Ireland via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the steamahin Republic, close at 12 M. A Supplementary Mail for close the 1st Post-Office at 130 p. m. Steamahin sails at 3 p. m., from White Star Dock, Faronia Forry, Brency City.

For Gentisennal and Breenes Mail via Southampton and Brewen, by the ateamahin Hansa, close at 12 M. A Supplementary Mail is closen at the Post-Office at 130 c. m. Steamahin sails at 2 p. m., from foot of Third-st., Hobbate.

Por Prency Mail direct, via Breet and Havre, by the steamahin for the post-Office at 130 c. m. Steamahin sails at 0 a. m. From Foot Office at 130 c. m. Steamahin sails at 0 a. m. From Fior No. 90 N. R.

Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mails for Havans and Merico, per steamahin Closenat; 2 p. M., Mersher Mersher Mersh

Burone: close at 6:30 a.m. Steamship sais at 9 a.m. from Flor No. 99 N. R. Mails for Havana and Merico, per steamship Cleopatra, close at 2 p. m. A Supplementary Mail is closed at the Post-Office at 2:40 p. m. Steamship sais at 3 p. m., from Flor No. 3 N. R. Mails for Brani, the Argentine Republic. West Indies, etc., by the steamship South America, close at 1, p. m. A Supplementary Mail will close at the Post-Office at 2:15 p. m. Steamship sails at 3 p. m., from Flor No. 43 N. R. Mails for Key Weat by steamship Post-Office at 2: p. m. Steamship sails at 3 p. m., from Flor No. 43 N. R. Mails for Key Weat by steamship Pier So. 20 R. R. SUNDAL. PRO. 22.

All Mails close at 11 o'clock a. m. The Fost-Office is open-from 9 a. m. to it a. m.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

POUT OF NEW YORK PER 16.
CLEARED. Steenship Wisconsin, (B.), Freeman, Lverpool, Williams & Guion. Steanship Redunoud, Rob of Norfolis, &c., Old Bominion Steanship

Steamship North Point, Poler, Philadelphie, Lorithard Steamship Co.
Spaniship Franconia, Brarz, Forthand, J. F. Ames.
Barts Feewick (Br.), Gormler, Marseilles, it. J. DeWolf & Co.
Bark Pelcon (Br.), Duno, London, E. K. Morgan's Sons.
Bark Ariadue (Nor.), Krefting, Liverpool for orders, Punch. Edge &

brig Camtona (Br.), Dobbins, London, Heney & Parker, Brig Lizze Eltween, Spaulding, Matanzas, James R. Ward & Co. Schr. Carrie S. Webb, Heman, Charleston, Bentley, Gilderstee Scar, C. B. Manning, Nute, Portamouth, N. H., Fergason & Wood, Scar, C. B. Manning, Nute, Portamouth, N. H., Fergason & Wood, Schr. Cov., Urisko, Drisko, Sapun la Grande, James R. Ward & Co. Schr. Crown Point, Berns, St. Jago & Cuba, James E. Ward & Co. Schr. Lir, Cole, Charleston, Brans, Ball & Co.

Schr. Liss. Coie. Charleston, Erans. Ball & Co.

Steamship Humboldt (Ger.), Blanck, Antwerp Jan. 29, with miles and pass. to C. Rammelsberg & Co.

Steamship Geristi, Spi., Scher. Lagnavra Jan. 29, Poerto Cabello Steamship Geristi, Girl., Scher. Lagnavra Jan. 29, Poerto Cabello Steamship Geristi, Girl., Scher. Lagnavra Jan. 29, Poerto Cabello Steamship Ger.), Grimer. Philatelohua Feb. 8, for Bereneu, with particular manner of Ger., Grimer. Philatelohua Feb. 8, for Bereneu, with ostroleum. Philatelohua Feb. 8, for Bereneu, with ostroleum. Philatelohua Feb. 8, for Bereneu, with set control of Hart Cabello Cabello Scher. Alexaelli (181.) Divari, Leith 64 days, with coal. Eark Quorttro Fraselli (181.) Raffo. Cork 40 days, in bellast. Berg Reposset (of Boston), Strout, Meschin 53 days, with frait. Brig Barbarossa (181.), Valle, Beulogne 52 days, in bellast. Berg. A. B. Perry, Look, Jacksonville 12 days, with fumber. Schr. Looy Hammond, Robinson, Brunswick, Ga., 11 days, with ambior.

Schr. R. W. Godfrey, Bachelor, Winnington, N. C., 9 days with shingles, &c.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Boyrow, Peb 16.—Arrived, scennishins Marathon (Br.), from Liverpoel; Harcules, from New-York; schrs. Prescott Hareltine, Daybreak, and Eva Adail, from Jacksonwife.

Lawrs, Bel., Feb. 16.—The Red Star Line steamship Abbotsford, passed out at 7 o'clock tast evening, for Liverpool.

FOREIGN PORTS.

QUERNYOWN, Peb. 16.—The State Line steamship State of Alabama, Plut, from New-Orlean Jan. 29 for Haverpool, has arrived here.

Peyrsouvin Eng., Peb. 16.—The Hamburg-American Line steamship Weesphalis, Stabi, from New-York Feb. 5, for Hamburg-ton-tucle there yesterday.

Livanpoot, Peb. 16.—The American Line steamship Pennsylvania, Bradburg, from Philadelpnia Feb. 4, arrived here at 1 o'clock this morning. Her time is 10 days and 4 hours.

SPOKEN.

Peb. 13, tat. 35 50, long. 75, brig Hail Columbia, from Malaga for New-York.

For Latest Ship News see Fifth Page;

furniture.

A UCTION NOTICE.—Good second-hand and A GOLLWA NOTICE.—Good second-hand an grain daily from anction very cheap, at 112 Futton-at., between Willia and Nation. T. G. SELLEW,

DESKS. OPPICE AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,

PANCY TABLES AND DESKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FORENTERS, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham-s AN IMMENSS STOCK AND LOW PRICES. ZERO REFRIGERATOR, with COOLER.— Best Meat, Fruit, and Ice Preserver in the world. Trade supplied. Send for book. Refrigerators repaired. ALEX. M. LESLEY, 224 West Twenty-third-st.

THE SHIPPING of the WORLD, number

MIscellaneons.

Naw-York Feb. 14, 1874.

A T a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: THOS. C. SMITH, President; GEOMGE W. CLARKE, Vice President; ELIAS C. BENKDICT, Treasurer; JOHN W. WHITPIELD, Secretary.

The following letter, read before the Board, was ordered to be published:

DRAR DOCTOR: It seems hardly possible that I can see again, after eight years of blindness. Ererything is so sitered; places, things, and faces are changed as much as if I had been absent eight years. For this wonderful sight I am in a great measure indebted to rourself and to the inattitution you have in charge, for which you will please accept my thanks; also please express my gratefulness to the founder, managers, directors, and all the officials connected with your Hospital. I shail always look upon it as the haven from which I started out on my second younge of life. Very truly.

DESK ROOM to LET, in a years light office. DESK ROOM to LET, in a very light office.

PAINT BRUSHES, KALSOMINE and VAR-NISH BRUSHES, also Brushes of every description at 305 Pearlest JOHN K. HOPPEL, Manufacturer and Importer.

PERFECTION!

BOKER'S BITTERS. Beware of Counterfeits.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE BY TOWNS, ation; also, on the Proposed Appointmen; on Westchester Annexation; also, on the Proposed Appointment of Judges. See TRIBUNE ALMANAC for 1874. Price 20 cents.

Marble and Blate Mantels.

STEWART's Slate Mantels, Marble and Wood Mantels, Richard signat designs at the lowest prices, 220 and 222 WestTepptr-third-st. between Seventh and Richthages. THE PENRHYN SLATE Co. have removed Les their new wareroms, Union-square, Fourth-ave, and Seven-teenth-st, and are offering a large assortment of MAYTELS, GRATES, &c., comprising many elegant and unique designs, as prices challenging competition.

Legal Notices.

PURSUANT to an order of OWEN T. COPPIN Surrogate of the County of Weatchester, notice is bereby given, according to taw, to all persons baving ciaims against the Estation HORACK UREKLEY, late of the town of New-Castle, in and county of HORAUK URESUSY, late of the town of New-Lastic, in said county, deceased, by present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned. Krecutors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at the office of CHARLES STORES, No. 7.3 Worthst., in the City of New-York on or before the 10th day of March, A. D., 1874. Date this 79th day of August, A. D., 1873.

82 lawGmTu. CHARLES STORES,

Co Whom it man Concern BOOK on STRICTURE, Fistula, Piles, Impo-

M. D., 144 Lerington are. Muled for 25 cents.

N. OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the POWER OF ATTORNEY bereforer granted to HENDY HEREBY HER POWER OF ATTORNS' berefolore granted to HENST HAR-RISON to transact business in relation to my estate has been this day REVOKED. GEO. HARRISON. Wentistry.

DENTISTRY of every description cheaper and better than any other establishment in the cit. Call and see. Extracting under gas at half the annul price. Dr. WAIT & SON. corner Twenty-third-at. and Fourth-ave.

YORKSHIRE RELISH.

Corporation Notices

STREET-CLEANING NOTICE. — Proposals are selicited for the disposal of garbare and street-sweepings. For particulars, see notices published in The City Second from the 11th to the 24th finst. Zy order of Board of Police.

8. C. HAWLEY. Chief Clerk.

EAGLE LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STRAMFHIPS.

TO PLYMOUTH, CHREBOURG, AND HAMBURG.

The elegant Gyde-brit steamship.

ECHILLER, Capt. Thomas,
will sail on TURSPAY, Feb. 24, from Regie Line Pier, foot of Pres
Hoboken.

Hoboken.

RATES OF PARSAGE TO

PLYMOUTH, LONDON, CHERBIQUEG, AND HAMBURG:
PLYMOUTH, LONDON, CHERBIQUEG, AND HAMBURG:
PLYMOUTH and London, \$30, poid, reconst allow, \$72, gold, steering
to Firmouth and London, \$30, currency; steerings to Cherbourg and
Lamburg, \$30, goid, Prepaid tickets for Hamburg, \$36, currency
for freight apply to FNOCH, EDIN & Co., 27 South William &
For passage apply to KNAUTH, NGCHOP, & KUIMR,
General Agents, 113 Broadway. GREAT WESTERN STEAMSHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL (Fig.) -DIRECT,
Taking goods and passengers for Lordon Camid, Newport, Glorecata
and all ports in Bristol Channel.
The steamers of this Line will said from Pier 18, East Siver, as & lus seamers of this hate will sail from Per 18, Balt Birler, 4 and 18 an

A NCHOR LINE.

Steamers sait from Pier 20 North River, foot of Der-st., every WEDNESDAT and SATURDAY.

Pavengers booked at overet rates to and from GLASGOW, LIVER-POOLS, LONDONDERRY, LONDON, BELPAST, PARIS, HAMBURG, BREMEN, &c.

Company's office, 7 Bowling-green, New-York, HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

POR HAVANA,

NASSAU, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

NEW-TORK, and MEXICAN MAIL STRAMSHIP LINE,

Leaving Port 3. NOTA Rises at 3 b. m.

CITY OP NEW-TORK Histarian direct. February 21

CITY OF MERILLA (Havana and Mexico). February 21

CITY OF MERILLA (Havana via Nassau). February 22

CUESA (Havana direct). February 23

CUTY OF HAVANA (Havana direct). March 5

For freight of passage, and T. ALEXANDRE & SONS. 33 Broadway.

as follows:
WISCONSIN, Capt. PRESERAN...........Feb. 17, at 6:30 a. m. MINNESOTA, Capt. BEDDOR ...... March 24, at 10:30 a. Fortreight or cable passage, appir to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall &

The course laid down for these steamers, and followed by them for several years is fixed 250 miles south of Cape fixes. Although the voyage is thus lengthened about 100 miles, better weather is met with and there is much greater freedom from fogs and flusting ice, and the danger of navigation consequent thereod.

condway.

crage Passage, at 33 Broadway, or Pier 45, N. R.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, or to

D. McKeller, Accept in Haven.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.

The Strambin HANNA Capt. F. Kingdel, will said us SATURDAY.
Peb. 21. at 2 0. m. Though Bremen Per. food Tharles. Holokow, to to
10-10-weed by
Stramman Weser, Capt. W. Willigered, on SATURDAY. Peb. 28.

RATEN OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND ERREMEN,
PATABLE IS UGUD. OR ITS SULVIALENT IN CURRENCY.
First cabin. \$120
Second cabin. \$120
Second cabin. \$120
Second cabin. \$20
S

NEW YORK TO CARDIFF.
THE SOUTH WALES ATLANTIC STRAMSHIP COMPANEW, FIRST-CLASS, FULL-POWERED, CLYDIS-BUILT ST SHIPS will sail from Pennsylvanis Ballroad Woarf, Jarrier Of Follows:

ANDES. MARCH 7
GLAMORGAN MARCH 27
PEMBROKE APRIL 4
ANDES. APRIL 18

Carrying goods and passengers at through rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to ports in the Bristol Channel and all other coints in Burgianu.

These steamships, built expressly for the trade, are provided with all

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

STRANSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVEE CALLING
AT BRENT.

GEO. MACKENSIS, Agent No. 38 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES, PASSAGE, AND FREIGHT.
The magnificent Steamships of this Line will be dispatched from Pin
42 North River, New Yors, as under:
ACAPULO Caple, E. Van Sice, Saturday, February 28, at 2 p. m.;
HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. Gray, Saturday, March, 14

WHITE STAR LINE.

Enropean Advertisements.

ARTISTIC WATCHES AND CLOCKS. BENSON, J. W., Old Bond-st., Ludgate-hill, E C.

FOR LIVERPOOL. (VIA QUBENSTOWN).
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STRAM COMPANY
WIll dispatch one of their first-classe, full power iron screw steamships
FROM PIER No. 46, N. B., EVERY TUESDAY,

Cabin passage, \$80, gold. Storrage passage (Office, No. 29 Broadway), \$30, carrence.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITA OF ANTWEEP. THURSDAY, Feb. 19, at 2 p.

CITY OF BROOKLIN. SATURDAY, Feb. 21, at 9 a.s.

CITY OF BROSSISS. SATURDAY, Feb. 28, at 2 p.

CITY OF MONTERAL. SATURDAY MARCH 7, at 8 c.

CITY OF RICHMOND. THURDAY, March 14, at 2 p.

Ans sace accessing SATURDAY and TRURBDAY, from Pier No. 4

North River. RATES OF PASSAGE.

North Rivet.

CABIN, \$70 \$80 and \$90 gold, according to accommodates. STRERAGE—To Liverpool.

STRERAGE—To Liverpool. Queenslown. Glasgow. Londonierry, London. Bristol or Carilla. S30. Prepaid Certificates \$72, current. Passengers ame towarded to Harre. Hamburg, Sweden. Norway, Deamars, and Paris. at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.
For Cabin Passage and agencyal business apply at the Company's Office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Stepress Passage. pt. 32 Dr.

Second Capina.

STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVER CALLSONS
TO BETWEEN THE STREET OF THE CONTINENT WILLIAMS
TO BE STATEMENT TO BE STREET OF THE CONTINENT WILLIAMS
THE STATEMENT LACKEDER SATURDAY MARCE TO PERKIRE DEADS SATURDAY MARCE TO PERKIRE STREET STREET SATURDAY MARCE TO PERKIRE STREET ST

HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. Grey, Sainriay, March, 14, at 2 p. m., and ever foreightly sainriay thereafter, connecting at Passems with all steamers for Central America, Mexican Coast and South Pacific pores. These eterment will all call at Kingston, Janaica, both on their outward and homeward trips, arriving at that port on Priday, the sixth day after leaving New-York, and leaving Staturday, p. m., for Aspinwall. The HENRY CHAUNCHY has been thoroughly overheaded and fitted under the inspection of the Board of Underwriters, and is in applicable condition for the accommodation of waterspace, having been repained and decorated throughout, and newly uphobsters by Messer, A. C. Extra steamers, for freight, &c., will be dispatched on intermedial Saturdays, whenever the necessities of transportation may require is.

(Including Berth, Mesla, and all impulsates for the trip.)

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